

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 305. Vol. VI.

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises. At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestis, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanias, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sizes
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Oudeys, six grape
Sherry: Gonzalez, six diamond
Gin: J.D.K.Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hoek: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clart and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: winceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels: Calcos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rug's quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt matings
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sided, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerscham and briar-pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SWAN BREWERY, CROMWELL.

G. W. GOODGER, Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, delivered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

G. W. GOODGER.

VICTORIA HOTEL, CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Banockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirit, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Commercial Hotel.

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE.

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

than hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repp, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Llamas, Batistes, Prints, Winceys, Ginghams, Alpacos, Lumbers, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODOUS BILLIARD ROOM,
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,
BEGS to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-

HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions
kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,
General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER.

BEGS to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

BANNOCKBURN COAL-PIT.
BELL AND SMITH

Having purchased the interest of Mr J. KANE in the above-named Pit, beg to intimate that they will carry on business as Coal Merchants under the above style.

The coal from this Pit is admitted to be the best quality produced in the District, and by selling at the lowest current rates, the proprietors hope to receive a continuance of the support they have hitherto been accorded.

Orders punctually attended to.

Cromwell.

AUCTIONEER.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Having commenced business as Auctioneer, now prepared to

UNDERTAKE ANY SALES
with which he may be favored.

General Mining and Commission Agency Office,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

REMOVAL.

NOTICE.

F. SANSON,
SADDLER, &c.,

Has now removed to the shop adjoining Gooden's Hotel, formerly occupied by Mr WHETTER, Bootmaker, where he will carry on business as heretofore.

Just Received from Dunedin:

A New Stock of first-class SADDLERY, &c.

Cromwell

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

BEGS to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

NEWCASTLE PIT.

WILSON and CHARLTON, having opened the Coal Pit known as PLACETTS, are prepared to supply COALS of superior quality at the lowest rate.

We have appointed Mr DRURY our Agent, whose receipt for moneys paid shall be binding on us.

JAMES WILSON

JOHN CHARLTON.

Witness:

EDWD. A. DRURY.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.
32s. „ delivered.
16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

K. PRETSCH,
CROMWELL,

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paper hangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM HOWE, begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, W. H. is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER.

MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

HENRICH BEHRENS, having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell as

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,
BEGS to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

REMOVAL.

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'
HALL removed to

Mr J. SOLOMON's former Premises,
Next the Golden Age Hotel.

GALL & SOLOMON,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealers in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENTS & BOOKSELLERS.

G. and S. are happy to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

Cromwell.

TURN ONE POUND
INTO

THIRTY SHILLINGS

AT

J. SOLOMON'S

GREAT CLEARING-SALE!
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

BALANCE OF WINTER STOCK OF
DEAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS,
&c. &c.

Now is the time for the Public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts to make their purchases. J. S. is determined to clear off his Stock at

LESS THAN COST,

And no reasonable offer will be refused for any article in the Store.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CHEAP BLANKETS
CHEAP BED-QUILTS
CHEAP FLANNEL
CHEAP YARNS
CHEAP WINCEYS
CHEAP DRESS-PIECES
CHEAP MERINOS
CHEAP SOCKS AND STOCKINGS
CHEAP MADE-UP DRESSES & COSTUMES
CHEAP PETTICOAT SKIRTINGS
CHEAP LADIES' JACKETS
CHEAP SATIN SKIRTS
CHEAP ALPACA SKIRTS
CHEAP FELT SKIRTS
CHEAP WOOL GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

SPECIAL LINE IN
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS,

Latest Fashion,

Will be sold at an immense sacrifice.

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

MEN'S CLOTHING.

CHEAP SUITS—Dunedin make, of best quality, in Nelson, Geelong, and Mosgiel tweeds
CHEAP SILK-MIXED SUITS
CHEAP COATS
CHEAP PILOT JACKETS
CHEAP OVERCOATS, MEN'S & YOUTHS'
CHEAP WATERPROOF COATS
CHEAP TROUSERS AND VESTS
CHEAP STABLE JACKETS AND VESTS
CHEAP CARDIGAN JACKETS
CHEAP DRAWERS
CHEAP FLANNELS
CHEAP CRIMEAN SHIRTS
CHEAP HATS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

BOYS' & YOUTHS' CLOTHING,
A LARGE VARIETY.

BOOTS & SHOES.

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, & CHILDREN'S.

The Largest Stock in Cromwell.

BE IN TIME! BE IN TIME!

THIS IS NO PUFF!

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES!

All the above Goods will be sold Cheaper than they have ever before been sold in Cromwell.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
Will be sold during the Month in
JEWELLERY & FANCY GOODS

Don't forget the address:

J. SOLOMON,

Opposite Council Chambers,
CROMWELL.

ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied: a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed, a poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the most relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chicago-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings	Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

CROMWELL POST-OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE:

For Quartzville, Carrickton, Nevis, and Nevis Crossing, every Monday, at 8 a.m. sharp.
For Bendigo, every Monday, at 8 a.m.
For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberttown, Pembroke, and Cardrona, every Wednesday, at 8 a.m.
For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 2 30 p.m.
For Kawarau Gorge, Victoria Bridge, Gibbston, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton and Queenstown, every Sunday, at 5 p.m., Tuesday and Thursday, at 9 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Nevis, Carrickton, Quartzville, and Bannockburn, every Tuesday, at 2 p.m.
From Cardrona, Alberttown, Pembroke, Luggate, and Bendigo, every Thursday, at 2 p.m.
From Bendigo, every Tuesday, at 2 p.m.
From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 a.m., and Saturday, at 10 p.m.
From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Gibbston, Victoria Bridge, and Kawarau Gorge, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.

C. E. NICHOLAS, Postmaster.

Miscellaneous.

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN, Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.R.—District Post Office.

ALBERT HOTEL,

STORE, & POST-OFFICE,

ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S, ALBERT TOWN.

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY, ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce

that they are prepared to supply their

SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK, BREWERS, ALEXANDRA.

MESRS W. J. BARRY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS, &c.,

QUEENSTOWN,

Have appointed Mr GEORGE JENOUR as

their AGENT for Cromwell and surrounding

Districts, who will give immediate attention to

every instruction for sales with which he may

be favored.

Sales conducted with punctuality and at lowest rates of commission.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on

MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this

date. I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

SLESINGER'S

RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

The greatest discovery ever yet made for the

relief of human sufferers from

MUSCULAR OR NERVOUS AFFECTION

SLESINGER'S

RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

Of all the advertised remedies and all the prescriptions from the medical faculty for the cure of

Rheumatism

Rheumatic Gout

Sciatica

Tic Doloré

Neuralgia

Lumbago

Strains & Sprains

Or pain of any sort from the above affections, none have been so successful and effectual as

SLESINGER'S

RHEUMATIC BALSAM,

As certified by the certificates published in the Otago Daily Times, Guardian, and innumerable others.

Price, 7s 6d per bottle, which is sufficient to cure in all cases.

S. SLESINGER, V.S., Hope-street, Dunedin.

Sole agents for New Zealand:—

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER, & Co.

Cromwell.

NOTICE

We, the undersigned, have appointed Mr. G. JENOUR our AGENT, and his receipt for accounts paid shall be binding on us.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS
JOHN HAYES.

Cromwell, 14th June, 1875.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO MINING COMPANIES & OTHERS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO.

Have on hand and for sale a quantity of LITHOFRACTEUR, for blasting purposes.

The merits of this new explosive agent have now been thoroughly tested, and it is acknowledged to have no equal for effectiveness and labor-saving qualities.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO., Cromwell.

EDWARD ALDRIDGE,

FARRIER,

BLACKSMITH, and MACHINIST,

(late of Clyde.)

Has started business in the above line in the premises lately occupied by J. W. THOMSON, in Melmore Terrace, Cromwell. From his long experience in the District, and his well-known habit of promptly executing all orders entrusted to him, he confidently hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

N.B.—A large stock of Horse and Cattle Medicines and Drugs on hand.

Ornamental Gates and Palisading, suitable for Cemeteries, public or private fences, made to any pattern.

Horses shod on the Goodenough or Charlier principle.

EDWARD ALDRIDGE, Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

CROMWELL

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,

Next door to

KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c., Begs to intimate to the public that he has purchased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY, as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying strict attention to business, and turning out good substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most-approved principle.

Light shoes	10s.
Draught do.	16s.

FOR SALE.

That old-established and flourishing business,

THE SHAMROCK HOTEL,

AND GENERAL

STORE, BUTCHERY, & BAKERY,

NEVIS,

Together with all Buildings, Stock-in-Trade, Furniture, etc.

For further particulars, apply at STARKEY'S Kawarau Hotel, Cromwell, to

DANIEL SCALLY.

Satisfactory reasons given for Selling.



NOTICE

The following are the days appointed for holding the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the Quarter ending the 31st of September, 1875, for the Dunstan division of the Otago Goldfields District:—

CLYDE—every THURSDAY.
CROMWELL—every FRIDAY.
ALEXANDRA—MONDAY, September 13, 27.
ROXBURGH—TUESDAY, September 21.
BLACKS—TUESDAY, September 28.

The Warden's Office, Roxburgh, having been appointed a Land Office for the District of Clyde, on the days above-named, and immediately after the sitting of the Court, the District Land Officer will receive applications under the Waste Lands Act within the Land District of Clyde.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON, Warden and R.M.

Cromwell.

CHARLES COLOLOUGH

has for sale

Shares in the following Companies:—
Lowburn Sluicing, Limited
Grand Central Quartz (Bendigo).
Lucknow
Colonial Bank
National Insurance.

CORPORATION WATERWORKS.

SPECIAL RATE.

Public Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the Council which will be held on Friday, 17th September, a resolution will be submitted for confirmation for the purpose of Striking a Special Rate of SEVENPENCE in the Pound on all rateable property, for the purposes of Waterworks Loan.

CHAS. COLOLOUGH,

Secretary,

Cromwell Corporation Waterworks.

JOHN MABESH

BRIDGE HOTEL,

Has now, in connection with his other business, opened a

HAY, CORN, STRAW, AND CHAFF STORE.

And, in accordance with his usual custom, intends to give

VALUE FOR MONEY!

A FIRST-RATE Two-Horse DRAY for Sale, cheap.

One Pair Iron HARROWS.

THE Watchmaker's SHOP to LET, now in occupation of Mr E. Murrell.

LAND to Let on Lease for Building purposes.

GOODS taken in on STORAGE.

JOHN MARSH.

HAIRCUTTING, SHAVING, AND SHAMPOOING SALOON.

Notice to the Residents of Cromwell and Vicinity.

The undersigned begs to intimate that he has commenced business in Cromwell as

HAIRDRESSER, PERFUMER, WIG-MAKER, etc.,

In the premises adjoining Mr Murrell, Watchmaker, where he trusts to receive the patronage of residents.

JOHN THOMAS.

Ladies waited on at their residences.

Prices:

HAIRCUTTING—Adults, 1s 6d; Children, 1s.
SHAVING, 1s.

I, THE Undersigned, hereby make application to Register the CARLISLE AND CALEDONIAN QUARTZ COMPANY as a Limited Company under the provisions of the Mining Companies Act, 1872.

1. The name of the Company is to be the Carlisle and Caledonian Quartz Company, Limited.

2. The place of intended operations is at Thomson's Creek, near Bendigo.

3. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated at Melmore-st., Cromwell.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is £12,000 (twelve thousand pounds) in 12,000 shares of one pound each.

5. The number of shares subscribed for is the whole, being not less than two-thirds of the entire number of shares in the company.

6. The number of paid-up shares is nil.

7. The amount already paid up is nil.

8. The name of the manager is Charles Colclough.

9. The names and addresses and occupations of the shareholders, and the number of shares held by each at this date, are as follows:—John Stewart, Bendigo, mill manager, 12,000 shares.

(Signed) CHAS. COLOLOUGH,

Manager.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1875.

Witness to signature:

(Signed) J. O'CONNELL.

I do solemnly and sincerely declare: That I am the manager of the said intended company; that the above statement is to the best of my belief and knowledge true in every particular. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, entitled the Justices of the Peace Act, 1866.

(Signed) CHAS. COLOLOUGH.

Taken before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for the Colony of New Zealand, this 7th day of September, 1875:

(Signed) JAMES HAZLET, J.P.

HEART OF OAK QUARTZ MINING CO., REGISTERED.

An EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, THIS EVENING, September 15th, at 8 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

LOWBURN SLUICING & MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at Perriam's Hotel, Lowburn, at 5 p.m. on SATURDAY, 18th September.

Business of importance.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Manager.

TO the ROMAN CATHOLICS of BANNOCKBURN, &c.

The Holy Sacrifice of the Mass will be offered in Bannockburn on, SUNDAY NEXT, 19th instant, at 11 o'clock.

T. KEHOE.

Cromwell, September 14, 1875.

WANAKA RACES,

TO BE HELD ON

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

8th and 9th OCTOBER, 1875.

STEWARDS:

H. S. THOMSON, Esq. J. B. EWING, Esq.
THOS. TUOHY, Esq. THEO. RUSSELL, Esq.
J. S. McLEAN, Esq. THOS. TAYLOR, Esq.
T. A. FRASER, Esq. H. MAIDMAN, Esq.
GEORGE CRISP, Esq.

Judge.—T. A. FRASER, Esq.

Starter.—J. M. LAREN, Esq.

Handicapper.—J. B. EWING, Esq.

Clerk of Course.—CHARLES HOOD, Esq.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY.

MAIDEN PLATE, of £15. For all horses that have never won an advertised race. One mile. Weight for age. Post entry, 20s.

LADIES' PURSE, of £15. For all horses. Gentleman riders. Welter weight for age. One mile and a half. Post entry, 20s.

SHORTS, of £5. Half-mile heats without dismounting. Catch weights. Post entry, 7s 6d.

NEWCASTLE HANDICAP, of £20. One mile. Nominations, enclosing qualification fee, to be sent to the Secretary not later than 8 p.m. on Wednesday, 6th October. Weights to be declared on evening of general entry. Nomination, 10s; acceptance, 20s.

HACK RACE, of £5. For untrained horses only. One mile. Catch weights. Post entry, 7s 6d.

SECOND DAY.

ELSWICK PLATE, of £15. For 3-year-olds bred in the district. One mile. To carry 8st 10lbs. Entry, 20s. Entries to close at 6 p.m. on Thursday, October 7.

HURDLE RACE, of £15. One mile and a half, over six flights of hurdles. Entry, 20s. Weights to be declared on evening of first day's races.

WANAKA HANDICAP, of £35, with a sweepstake of one sov. to go to second horse. Nomination, 15s; acceptance, 25s. Distance, two miles. Nominations, enclosing fee of 15s, with qualification fee 21s, to be sent in to the Secretary not later than 6 p.m. on Thursday, October 7. Weights to be declared on the evening of October 8.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP, of — sovs.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

All disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, whose decision shall be final.

No person allowed to enter a horse for any of the above races, except the Hack and Shorts races, unless a subscriber of at least one pound sterling to the race fund.

The rules of the Dunstan Jockey Club shall be strictly enforced.

Entries for the Elswick Plate to be sent to the Secretary not later than 6 o'clock p.m. on Thursday, the 7th October.

Three entries for each event, or no race.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Hon. Secretary.

CARTAGE OF WATERPIPES.

To WAGGONERS and others.

TENDERS are invited till the 18th instant, at my office, for Cartage of 24 tons, more or less, of cast-iron Waterpipes from Dunedin to Cromwell. Delivery to be completed by 31st October, 1875.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Secretary to Waterworks, Cromwell.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

TENDERS are invited, until noon on FRIDAY, 24th instant, for Forming Inniscort-st., near the junction of Murray-st., to the permanent level, and for Forming Murray-st., as per specifications to be seen at my office.

Tenders are also invited till same date for Formation of Footpath, Kerbing, and Channeling from Corner of Innis-st. to the Cromwell Bridge, as per specification to be seen at my office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

SPRING RACE MEETING.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Oct. 1 and 2, 1875.

Mr COLCLOUGH will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 20th September instant, at Mr T. Heron's White Hart Hotel, at 12 noon, The PRIVILEGES at said Meeting,—viz., Grand Stand and Refreshment Booth, Saddling Paddock, &c.

GEORGE JENOUR,

Secretary.

Important Sale by Auction of
FREEHOLD PROPERTY
in the rising township of
BENDIGO.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH is favored with instructions from Mr W. U. GOODALL to sell by public auction on Saturday, 25th September, on the ground,—

Those new and substantially erected buildings and premises known as the REEFERS' ARMS HOTEL, in the main street, Bendigo, together with the several Freehold Sections upon which the property stands.

Terms at sale.

V.  R.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of Secretary for Works, until noon of TUESDAY, 21st September, for—Contract No. 1050—Approaches to Clyde Bridge.

Plans and specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Dunedin, and at the District Engineer's Office, Cromwell, after the 13th inst.

Tenders to be indorsed "Tender for Contract No. 1050."

The Government does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. GREEN,

Secretary for Works.

Dunedin, 7th September, 1875.

V.  R.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of Secretary for Works, Dunedin, until MONDAY, 20th September, 1875, for FORMING and GRAVELLING 80 chains of Road Dunstan to Cromwell.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Graveling Road Dunstan to Cromwell—Contract No. —"

Plans and Specifications to be seen at District Engineer's Office, Cromwell, and at the Police Camp, Clyde.

The Government does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reliance Quartz Mining Company, Registered, having failed to pay the first half-year's rent, on section 7, Block III, Wakefield District, held by them under an application made in conformity to the Gold Mining Regulations, the said application has been cancelled, and the land is open for occupation by holders of Miners Rights, &c.

D. MACKELLAR,

Goldfields Secretary.

Goldfields Office, Dunedin, August 17, 1875.

CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.O.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on Wednesday, 15th inst.

Business: Raisings.

By order of the R.W.M.

A L E C T U R E will be delivered in the

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOLROOM,

at half-past seven on

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24,

for the benefit of the Library, by the

REV. B. DRAKE.

Subject: "DANIEL O'CONNELL."

Admission, 2s.

T E N D E R S.

Tenders will be received at the Bannockburn Library until 7th October, for the ERECTION of an ADDITION to the SCHOOLROOM.

Plans and Specifications may be seen in Mr JAMES MARSHALL'S Office, Cromwell, or at the Library in the Teacher's residence.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. A. PATERSON,

Secretary and Librarian.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The Partnership in the business of Coaching and Mail Contractors, between Clyde and Queens-town, both in the Province of Otago, carried on by THOMAS PARSONS and ARCHIBALD McDOUGALL ORD, under the style of "ORD and PARSONS," is dissolved by consent, and the said THOMAS PARSONS is authorised to settle all debts due by the firm.

Dated at Clyde, aforesaid, the eleventh day of September, 1875.

A. M. ORD.

THOMAS PARSONS.

Witness to both signatures:

F. J. WILSON, Solicitor, Clyde.

N O T I C E.

DUNEDIN AND CLUTHA RAILWAY.

To Merchants and Others.

We, the undersigned Forwarding Agents, have arranged to forward all Goods entrusted to our charge to Tokomairiro and all inland Townships, Mr Miller Superintending in Tokomairiro, and Mr Winter in Dunedin, when Merchants may rely on their Goods having the utmost despatch.

JAMES WINTER,

D. H. MILLER.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the several parcels of Land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1870," unless caveat in the meantime be lodged forbidding the same:—

Section 6, Block I, Town of Cromwell:

BENDIX HALLENSTEIN, of Dunedin, Merchant, applicant. 1885.

Diagrams to be inspected at this office.

Dated this 7th day of September 1875, at the Lands Registry Office, Dunedin.

D. F. MAIN,

District Land Registrar.

CUMMINS IS COMING!
CUMMINS IS COMING!
WITH NEW SPRING GOODS.
TWO CASES of NEW SPRING DRAPERY Just Opened
Out, and WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.
O. CUMMINS IS NOW ON HIS WAY TO DUNEDIN.

CROMWELL POST-OFFICE.

The next English and European mail via Suez will close at this office on Thursday, the 23rd day of September, at 2.30 p.m.

The next English and European mail via San Francisco will close at this office on Tuesday, the 21st day of September, at 2.30 p.m.

C. E. NICHOLAS,

Postmaster.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15, 1875.

SOME people are never happy unless they are indulging in a growl. And it does not detract from their peculiar pleasure that the persons or policy they grumble at are quite innocent of the motives imputed; indeed, this fact only seems to add zest to the exercise of what is considered an Englishman's privilege. Our Clyde contemporary is immense at this sort of thing, and its desire to do the virtuously indignant and appear the champion of the "people's rights" often leads that journal into making statements of a false, if not malicious, character. An illustration of how the *Dunstan Times* can make a straw into a tether when it suits a purpose occurs in last issue of that paper, in connection with an application by Messrs STRODE and FRASER for an agricultural lease on their run. The granting of a certificate to these gentlemen by Mr Warden SIMPSON has formed the basis whereon our contemporary builds up a structure of assumptions, and affords opportunity for the writer to come out powerfully with "spoliation," "defiance of the wishes of the people," and other clap-trap expressions. Now, were the true state of the case as our contemporary puts it, we would be the first to join with him in preventing any action tending to injure the interests of the community, or which would have the appearance of injustice or unfairness. But when he sets up the "public interest" as a shield behind which he may shelter himself while darting shafts of ill-will or malice against individuals, we think such a course of conduct should be exposed and denounced. We will as briefly as possible state the true position of this affair about which the Clyde paper affects such virtuous wrath. Section 103a of the Waste Lands Act confers upon pastoral lessees within Goldfields the privilege of applying for an agricultural lease of 640 acres within the boundary of the run. This lease is granted subject to the conditions in force regulating the granting of agricultural leases generally, and that the land is not auriferous. The Regulations require that applications must be made in a form prescribed, and any objections lodged must be sent in to the District Land Board within twenty-four hours of hearing the application. The applicants in the present case acted in all respects according to the law laid down, and no objections to granting the lease were lodged till within a few minutes of the application coming before the District Land Officer for adjudication, and even then no one appeared personally in support of the objections. Under the circumstances, the District Officer having no wish to grant the lease if there was any valid and reasonable opposition—intimated he would adjourn further proceedings in the matter for fourteen days, so that the applicants might consider whether they would waive their right to claim that objections should be lodged within twenty-four hours and so allow the objections to be considered. The person who lodged the objections was informed of this postponement. On the day of adjourned hearing there was no appearance on behalf of the objectors, and applicants' solicitor intimated on behalf of his principals that had the objectors appeared he was prepared to waive the regulation as to notice, as he was able to show the objections were such as could not be entertained. By the non-appearance personally of objectors, he (the solicitor) considered they were indifferent on the matter, and he would therefore press the right of his clients to have the application dealt with as though no objections had been raised. Under these circumstances, the District Land Officer intimated that he would grant a certificate, subject to survey, stating that as there were no objections on the plea of the land being auriferous, nor was it required for public purposes so far as he knew, he saw no reason to withhold certificate. Indeed, had he even power to consider the objections which had been improperly lodged, they could not, he remarked, have come under the heads that the land was auriferous or required for public purposes. Such, then, is a true statement of proceedings in connection with the application, but which details the *Dunstan Times* carefully passes over. It may be that the alienation of this land will be inimical to the interests of Clyde, and that the "act is one greatly to be deplored," but we entirely fail to see that the District Land Board is to be held responsible for that, or that it has "set at defiance the expressed wish of the people." As a matter of fact, the "people" do not seem to have bothered themselves much about the matter, otherwise they would have taken measures to have the stable door locked before the steed was gone. This was not done, and because the District Officer fairly and impartially performed his administrative duty, the District Board is subjected to violent abuse for not doing what the people themselves should have done. Indeed, the Board—which consists of Messrs SIMPSON, HAZLETT, and THOMSON—was not called upon to deal with the application at all, for the very reason that no objections were offered to its being granted. So that the strictures of our contemporary are quite uncalled for when he says:—"The present is the first case on record where a local Waste Lands Board has set at defiance the expressed wishes of the people, and it only proves our previously conceived opinions that the establishment of these Boards was a very great mistake, while they can never represent the interests of the people they are supposed to

conserve, their very constitution alone proving them an abortion, and another of the abominations which Provincialism has inflicted upon the Goldfields. We find the whole of the Goldfields complaining that the local Land Boards do not represent the interests of their respective districts, and it is impossible that they can do so, as they are not sufficiently cosmopolitan. Putting aside the peculiar logic that because this is the first case of "defiance, etc." therefore the establishment of local Boards is a great mistake, we are not aware that the Goldfields as a whole are complaining of the administration of these bodies; on the contrary, it is generally conceded that they serve their purpose admirably, and are recognised by settlers as institutions well suited to the Goldfields. Common sense dictates that this must be so, seeing that the gentlemen appointed have a thorough knowledge of the country, and of what should or should not be granted, and it was from a lack of this very knowledge that the Dunedin Waste Lands Board committed blunders and made sacrifices which have brought that institution into public odium.

We do not notice this matter from any desire to advocate the claims of the squatter as against the interest of the general public, but simply to show that an unworthy attempt has been made to cast blame on a number of gentlemen appointed to perform a public duty, and which may lead persons who do not know the gentlemen to think that they have been unduly influenced in favor of the pastoral lessees. Any one acquainted with the members of the Dunstan District Land Board will not give the *Times* imputations a second thought, especially those who know the inner workings which prompted the libel. It is poor encouragement for men of intelligence and ability to give their services on behalf of the public to find their actions warped and misconstrued to suit the mischievous tendencies of those who should be their protectors. In the present instance, indeed, all the members are held up to scorn for an act in which they took no part whatever—the Warden having dealt with the application, and it will no doubt soon be seen whether that officer acted improperly or not. The whole article bristles with misstatements, which show either that the writer was ignorant of the subject he handled, or wilfully misrepresented it.

We are obliged to hold over till next week report of last Municipal Council meeting.

The privileges in connection with the Cromwell Spring Races will be disposed of by Mr Colclough on Monday first, at Heron's White Hart Hotel, at noon.

In another column will be found the programme of the Albertown Annual Race Meeting. It is a very liberal one, and will no doubt draw good fields and a large number of visitors to the picturesque scene of enjoyment.

We have received from the Government Printer further parcels of Parliamentary papers, including copies of Mr Macandrew's Otago Board of Works and Education Bills; General Government Estimates of revenue and expenditure for the year ending 30th June, 1876; and statements of the financial results of the proposed system of local Government as compared with Provincialism. Any one interested is welcome to a perusal of these important papers by applying at this office.

An illuminated address is to be presented to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, from the District Grand Lodge of Otago and Southland Freemasons. The purport of the address is congratulating his Royal Highness on being appointed Grand Master to the English Masons. It is signed by John Hyde Harris, Esq., and countersigned by Sydney James, Esq., on behalf of the District Grand Lodge of Otago. The address is from the pen of Mr George, lithographer, of Dunedin, and for a work of art is said to surpass anything hitherto seen in that city. It will be transmitted home by the next outgoing mail.

At last week's sitting of the Waste Lands Board the following local business was dealt with:—An application by Mr Goudger, for 50 acres of land on the Clyde road near Cromwell, was referred to the District Land Officer for his advice.—Valuations of improvements effected by Messrs Russell, Hedditch, Pirrie, and H. Campbell, on lands in the township of Pembroke were submitted for the approval of the Board. The valuations were approved of.—The District Officer at Clyde wrote that Mr Thomas Irwin had applied for a site within the town reserve there, and asked whether or not the Board would entertain such an application.—The answer was a decided negative.

Mr Macandrew's Otago Board of Works Bill only contains eleven clauses. The first is the short title; the second constitutes the Otago Board of Works and Corporation; the third provides that until the Provincial District is divided in shires or counties, the Board shall consist of the Otago members of the House of Representatives, and after shires or counties are established of members elected one by each shire or county—members not to be elected for more than 5 years. Fourth, the Board to elect a president to hold office for 2 years. The fifth gives power to the Board to make by-laws. Sixth, fixes the first meeting of the Board for the first Wednesday after the Province is abolished. Seventh, authorises the Board to enter into contracts for anything necessary to carrying out the Act. The usual provisions as to how contracts are to be made are contained in this clause. Eighth, gives the Board power to appoint treasurer, clerk, surveyors, valuers, collectors, engineers, and other necessary officers. Ninth, authorises the Board to perform all such public works in Otago as it shall consider for the public advantage and convenience of the people of the Provincial District, and to dispose of the surplus land revenue granted or paid to them by virtue of the Abolition of Provinces Act, and all other sums that may be paid to them in and about the construction and maintaining of public works in Otago, and in carrying into effect this Act.

At an extraordinary meeting of the Shotover Terrace Company held last week in Dunedin, the following resolution was carried:—"That this Company agree to reduce its nominal capital to £10,000, by selling all its assets to a new Company for £10,000, to be taken in paid-up shares and allotted to the present shareholders, *pro rata*, in the proportion of one share of 20s paid up for each three shares of 20s paid up at present held."

Our Christchurch correspondent writes:—"A highly sensational novel is in course of preparation, to be published in London, and to be entitled 'In both Hemispheres.' The scene is to be laid first in England, then in the Colonies, and then in England again. Life in the Province of Otago for a series of years will, I am informed, figure rather conspicuously, including a period of very primitive sheep-farming in the back country, and also a long sojourn upon your goldfields, from the opening of Gabriel's Gully to rather an eventful episode in the existence of one of the main characters."—*Daily Times*.

In our open column will be found a letter signed by the Secretary and Treasurer of the Queenstown O'Connell Celebration Committee, in which the correctness of our correspondent's version of the affair is vouched for. Of course, simple justice demanded we should give publicity to both sides of the story, although we had, and have, implicit trust in our correspondent at Queenstown, as we have always found him truthful and trustworthy in his vocation as a press writer, and until we find him otherwise we are not likely to allow him to be assailed without resort. It therefore is satisfactory to find two gentlemen who ought to know the whole particulars thus coming forward and publicly bearing witness to the veracity of the gentleman who acts as Queenstown correspondent for this journal.

The walking match between Edwards and the boy Scott came off yesterday week in the Dunedin Drill Shed. The course was 7 miles, and the stakes £50 aside. It was a genuine contest and excited very great interest among the sporting fraternity. On account of the narrow course the competitors could not be started together. Edwards walked first and did his 7 miles in 61 minutes, 11 seconds. Young Scott started and walked the distance in 60 minutes, 26 seconds. Edwards protested against Scott's style of walking, but the Judges and referees (also Rhodes, who acted on behalf of Edwards) declared themselves perfectly satisfied; and the referees' announcement was received with great cheering. The stakes were paid over to young Scott the following evening.

During the past week, that important personage, the Clerk of the Weather, has been rather erratic in the exercise of his duties. Up till Sunday evening, sunshine was supreme, the heat being such as to induce the idea that we were in midsummer instead of early spring. Early on Monday morning, high winds set in, which continued throughout the day, sending clouds of dust and fine gravel over the town, effectually keeping citizens within doors and giving the place quite a Sunday aspect. Towards midnight, this gave way to heavy rain, and early risers on Tuesday morning were somewhat astonished to see the ground covered with a coat of snow, which yet lies thick on the hills, where we hope it will remain for some time. So it will be seen this portion of the country has been favored with a variety of climate during the last two or three days. Unless well sheltered, no doubt much damage has been done early-blossoming fruit trees, although the heavy rainfall will to some extent counteract the evil effect on vegetation of the parching winds experienced on Monday. The weather now seems settled.

It has been truly said that the man who plants a tree confers a benefit upon posterity. Especially must this be true in a treeless district like this where timber is so much in requisition; and likely to become more so in the future when our mining resources reach a higher state of development, and building extends in Cromwell and the various townships throughout the district. Besides, the climatic influence which extensive tree-growing would exercise is worthy of deep consideration. That some residents have not lost sight of these advantages in the future we are glad to know, and so successful have they been in their endeavors that they are now in a position to supply others with the means whereby tree-planting may become almost universal. The other day Mr Wilmet, of Mount Pisa Station, left at this office a quantity of acorns for distribution among those who are desirous of sowing the British oak, and we will be glad to send that gentleman's laudable purpose by handing over small parcels to applicants who have facilities for growing them. The acorns have been gathered from trees on the station, and are a very fine sample. Early application must be made, as already they are going.

The following letter has been handed us for publication, from which it will be seen that Government has not lost sight of the Block IX. question. But we think it would be more satisfactory to all parties if the authorities would take some action in the matter rather than by their quiescence allow it to become more complicated. It will be seen that Mr Marsh asserts that the Corporation gives encouragement to encroachment on the disputed land. This, it is scarcely necessary to say, is incorrect. Since the Government threatened in February last to have trespassers removed, the Corporation appears to have simply allowed affairs to go on—no doubt expecting the higher authority would take steps to uphold the position it had assumed. The communication from Mr Willis, Under-Secretary, to the Town Clerk reads as follows:—Sir,—I have been directed to inform you for the information of the Corporation of Cromwell, that the Government has received a letter from Mr John Marsh, complaining that encroachments are still being made on Melmore Terrace and Block IX., and that encouragement is given to such encroachments by the Corporation. I am to remind you that the matter has been repeatedly under the consideration of the Government, and the Corporation has been frequently warned that they are acting in an illegal manner, and that the Government holds the same opinion relative to Block IX. that it has before expressed.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM THE PRESS AGENCY.]

WELLINGTON.

SATURDAY, 12.3 p.m.

Last night, Sir D. McLean moved the adjournment of the House till Tuesday, to enable the Government to consider certain proposals made by the Opposition regarding the Abolition Bill. The House adjourned.

2.35 p.m.

The proposals made by the Opposition, that the Abolition Bill be proceeded with and fairly considered in Committee, and as amended finally passed without further opposition, on condition that the Act shall not come into operation until the Governor be moved thereto by an address of both Houses next session,—have been definitely and absolutely declined by the Government party.

This morning the Opposition party held a caucus, but it is believed without coming to any definite decision.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 1.35 p.m.

The following proposals submitted by the representatives of the Opposition to the Government will probably be accepted:—

That the Abolition Bill be passed this session, with a provision that it shall only take effect on a day to be named by the proclamation of the Governor, but that no such proclamation shall issue should a resolution of either House of the Legislature to the contrary be introduced within one month after the meeting of the new Parliament, and passed before the close of the session.

That Provincial administration shall continue until the Act is so proclaimed; that appropriations for departmental purposes shall be continued by the Assembly at present rates; that public works already authorized by Provincial Councils shall be undertaken; and that no Provincial Council shall meet again unless the Act lapse.

Great discontent exists among the Government party on account of these proposals having been submitted.

TUESDAY, 7.50 p.m.

The movement which was set on foot some time since by a number of Dunedin gentlemen for bringing out a Colonial magazine of high-class literature has borne fruit, and it will make its appearance on 1st January next. The editors will be Professor Sale, Professor McGregor, Professor Brown (Canterbury College), Rev. R. L. Stanford, and Captain Hutton.

At the Drill Shed on Saturday, Wiltshire finished his task of walking 150 miles in 36 hours, having three-quarters of an hour to spare at the finish.

The Anglican Diocesan Synod meets on the 21st of this month.

There is still no word of the overdue ship *Strathmore*.

The barman (McGlashan) has been committed for trial at Invercargill for attempting to set fire to the Prince of Wales Hotel.

A violent earthquake took place at Poverty Bay on Monday night, at 11.30. There was a heavy vibration from north to south, lasting nearly a minute. The whole town was in commotion. In one hotel there was quite a scene. Consternation was depicted on every face. Bells were ringing, clocks stopped, and the shock made several people quite sick.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The *Star's* Wellington correspondent, at 3.15 to-day, gives the following as the result of a Government caucus to-day:—It was agreed at a meeting of Government supporters this morning that the Abolition Bill should pass this session, but not come into operation till after the next meeting of Parliament. It was left with the Ministry to arrange on what day, but not later than the last day of next session.

It is understood that the above will be accepted by the Opposition.

The proposal by the Opposition that the Act should come into operation on proclamation by the Governor at the request of the Legislature, was rejected.

The Government party are desirous to have an agreement with the Opposition that there shall be no further meeting of Provincial Councils, and that all Provincial expenditure shall only be such as is sanctioned by the General Government.

SAN FRANCISCO MAIL.

The San Francisco mail arrived at Auckland on the 10th, and will probably be delivered in Dunedin to-morrow.

The following are the principal extracts from the news:—

The Duke of Edinburgh is reported to have sold his right to the succession to the throne of Saxe-Coburg Gotha to the German Government for an annuity of £80,000.

A damaging hurricane and hailstorm occurred near Paris. Many houses were unroofed and windows and chimneys demolished. Damage is estimated at £100,000.

80,000 persons attended a meeting of the Fenian Amnesty Association in support of the liberation of Fenians now in prison.

Floods in the United States have been more destructive than for many years. The Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Wabash and many other rivers overflowed. The loss of property amounts to millions of dollars. Lives were lost, people being unprepared, as floods have always occurred in spring, not in midsummer.

Moodey and Sankey arrived at New York on August 14.

THE MINER.

LOCAL ITEMS.

We are glad to learn that the result of an inspection of the Lucknow mine by some Dunedin shareholders has been highly encouraging. Crushing operations will be commenced almost immediately. Mr Robt. Reid is about overhauling the turbine preparatory to a start, and the management of the mill will be under the supervision of Mr John Reekie, so long connected with the Cromwell Company's battery. The mine is reported to be blocked with quartz, and the mine manager, Mr Besanko, is opening out on the leader which Mr Ulrich declared to be the true reef.

A telegraphic request was forwarded last week to Mr Colclough, Secretary of the Cromwell Miners' Association, to nominate a suitable and experienced person from Cromwell or Bannockburn district to act as judge at the forthcoming award of a bonus for the best gold-saving apparatus. Mr G. B. Douglas has consented to act, and from his knowledge and experience will doubtless prove a wise selection.

The Lowburn Sluicing Company are getting their principal pumping gear from Kincaid, McQueen, and Co., Dunedin, and will be prepared to test the value of the Lowburn flat at once. It is to be hoped that success may attend their efforts to develop the resources of the locality, and should the machinery prove sufficiently powerful to contend against the water, the discovery of some valuable gold deposits is anticipated. We regret to learn that very serious delay has taken place about the grant of a special claim to this company, many months having elapsed since it was applied for. It would be manifestly unfair to further delay a definite reply, as the result of their efforts will shortly be public without their having obtained the privileges which they seek, and which genuine prospecting schemes deserve.

THE SKIPPERS REEFS.

Yesterday we received from a correspondent the following particulars regarding the reefing prospects at Skippers:—

At the Phoenix Co.'s claim, the machinery was started on Saturday last, very satisfactorily, and to-day 15 heads of stampers are going. The late good prospects will now assume a tangible form, and by the appearance of the paddock, in which about 330 tons of quartz is deposited, no doubt good results will be arrived at, the stone being averaged to yield from two to five ounces to the ton. Altogether it is expected that 600 tons will be available for crushing at once.

The claims in the immediate vicinity are looking well, and the Messrs Southberg will also soon be crushing. Several claims taken up in the neighborhood are waiting until preliminaries are over and the advent of fine weather to commence working. The Nugget and Cornish Co. are still driving their ground tunnel, with nothing now in prospect as yet. Alluvial mining is quiet, the winter season not being quite over.

The general prospects of Skippers are really better now than at any time since the reefs have been opened, and the expensive prospecting carried out hitherto by the Messrs Bullen is just commencing to bear fruit.

THE RIVER POLLUTION BILL.

In the Legislative Council yesterday, the Pollution of Rivers Bill, commonly known as the Goldfields Act Amendment Bill, was read a second time, after a debate which served to show how persistently a certain class of the members of that Chamber object to anything which may tend to render the country useful for purposes other than the grazing of sheep. After the decision of the Court of Appeal in the Maraewhenua case, gold mining must become practically a forbidden pursuit, if some such Bill as the present one does not pass. That decision was, we believe, obtained at the expense of the country, the Colonial Treasury, by arrangement, paying the costs on both sides, as the question at issue was one of such great public importance; and the point having been determined, the Government was, we think, very much to blame in not having introduced a Bill this session to put matters on a more satisfactory footing. It was left to Mr. T. L. Shepherd to do so, and he did it very well; but still the fact of the Bill being introduced by a private member was used against it yesterday in the Council. We quite agree that it was the duty of the Government to have taken the matter up, but it was a matter of too great importance to the country for the Legislature to neglect it because the Government chose to do so. Dr. Pollen certainly voted for the Bill yesterday, but it was ungraceful of him to damn it with faint praise as he certainly did. He should rather have acknowledged the obligation the Government was under to the private member who had remedied their neglect and introduced a bill of ten times more practical value to the colony than the wretched abortion on which Dr. Pollen and his colleagues have staked their political existence—no very valuable stake, certainly, but still all they had to lay as odds. We were glad to see that a majority of the Council affirmed the principle of the Bill, and we trust that it will pass into law, so that gold mining may be carried on without fear of actions for damages by the runholders who have acquired riparian rights by lease from the Crown. The latter will really benefit also by the Bill, as it enables them to claim compensation without the risk of bringing expensive law suits against miners, who might, when they found the action going against them, leave the Colony for other gold-fields.—*Wellington Post*, 4th inst.

THE HAAST TRACK.

The party under the leadership of Mr D. Hutcheson, who are at present constructing a track to the West Coast via the Haast River, are making rapid progress. The track commences at the bush on the east side of the Makarora River, and continues on the same side to its junction with the Fish River, where the Makarora is crossed, and the right-hand side of the Fish followed up at a very easy gradient to the Pass, the altitude of which is about 1500 feet above the sea level, or 500 feet above Lake Wanaka. The distance from the Lake to the saddle is about 25 miles, over a gradually rising country. The saddle—or, more correctly speaking, the terrace forming the watershed—is about four miles square, the hills on both sides rising abruptly to a height of about 5000 feet, and the descent to the head waters of the Haast being scarcely perceptible. It is a most remarkable break in the mountains, and passable with ease throughout the winter. The track is continued down the south side of the Haast, and is completed to within about four miles of the junction with the Burke River, which is the only tributary joining the Haast from the south. The distance from the Burke to the mouth of the Haast is about 40 miles. The timber on the line of the track is felled about twelve feet in width, and a capital track thus made for packing or for driving stock over. The route has been chosen to the best advantage, giving ample proof that Mr Hutcheson is no novice in the art of laying out a road through a dense forest. It is expected that the sea-beach will be reached by the party in December. A person may then accomplish the journey from Cromwell to the Haast township in three, or Jackson's Bay in four, days.

The advantages, especially to the Cromwell district, which may result through the opening of this route can scarcely be overrated, when it is borne in mind that the track traverses the centre of a large block of country, a perfect *terra incognita*, stretching from Bruce Bay to Jackson's Bay. And that the country is gold-bearing, there can be no doubt; but it has never had a fair trial, owing to the difficulty of access. Gold was obtained in most of the principal tributaries of the Haast about ten years ago by Messrs Hassing and Docherty, who spent three months exploring and prospecting the country in question, and there is every probability that gold will be traced continuously from the Northern Otago Goldfields to the West Coast workings. A rush took place some eight years ago to the beach about four miles south of the Haast; over 1000 diggers came down, but only about 300 succeeded in getting payable claims. No prospecting was done except on the beaches, owing to the back country being an impenetrable jungle. Had a track existed at that time, we are sure that hundreds of miners would have come back to the Otago fields. It is surprising, but nevertheless true, that nothing but petty Provincial jealousy has kept that country locked up to miners for such a number of years through the want of a track; and it is worthy of record that the ruling Provincial passion, at least, is not strong in death.

QUEENSTOWN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

September 10, 1875.

I see by your last issue that Mr Eichardt flatly contradicts my account of his disagreement with the O'Connell Centenary Committee. My statements were exactly correct, and will be believed by everyone here who is in a position to get information on the subject. Mr Eichardt has himself to blame for permitting those to guide him who would go any distance out of their way to throw discredit on the Celebration. They signally failed, however, being met by more astute heads than their own.

The Lakes District Building Society have completed a very successful year. After paying interest, they add a very successful sum to their guarantee fund. This society has been the means of doing much good.

Yesterday's *Wakatip Mail* has a well-written sub-leader that is worthy of perusal. It points out that the co-operative principle has been initiated at the Arrow in the working of quartz reefs. Of course, a large amount of our mining is now being done on the same principle, but its success or failure anywhere deserves careful study. The most thoughtful politico-economists point at the co-operative principle as the only means of protecting individual labour from the tyranny of capital. The principle seems purely just, that labour is as much entitled to its share of profits as capital. How to secure it a fair proportion is the difficulty that legislation has failed to meet. It is to be hoped that co-operation will solve the great question. Want of intelligence and education seems to be the only obstacle. The principle is spreading in France and America, both in manufactures and agriculture, and if proved to work well, the social tyrannies that Owens, Socialists, and trades unions labored hard to counteract will become things of the past. The much-abused International has proposed the same cure for the degraded position of the working classes. Their dogma seems fair enough: that "those who earn the profits should enjoy them." I hope the Arrow quartz mining companies every success. We have had shareholding absenteeism *ad nauseam*.

Prospecting for the supposed high lead at Arthur's Point is being carried on with spirit. Stevenson's and O'Brien's parties have combined to drive a tunnel between their claims. It shows every indication of success. They are driving on a false bottom

through river drift, and hope in a few days to have tested the level. O'Donoghue and his mates are driving further down, but they began too low. They are going in now on the same ledge as the parties higher up. The ground is taken up for more than half-a-mile.

The young woman who was arrested for concealing the birth of the murder of an infant at Arthur's Point has been committed for trial. She was admitted to bail. The body has not been found.

The season is unusually fine. Farmers are busy getting their ground ready for sowing.

ARROWTOWN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

September 13, 1875.

Last Saturday was a festival day at Skipper's on the occasion of starting crushing operations at the Phoenix mine. The claim-holders had provided refreshments of various kinds with a liberal hand, both to suit Templars and those who still adhere to the old customs. Some of the latter waxed eloquent, and harangued the company from a carpenter's bench, until they subsided. The full water supply is not yet available until the completion of some fluming from a branch creek, so that only 10 heads of stamps are in work; but in a short time there will be water enough to work 15 heads. The turbine at first did not work well, owing to a piece of wood accidentally going into it. When this was removed it worked capitally, and the large quantity of stone on hand will be quickly disposed of. About 300 tons are in the paddock, and 100 tons stowed in the drives. This stone shows gold very plentifully and will yield in all probability the largest returns ever obtained in the district from such an accumulation of quartz. I have seen specimens taken out of the paddock almost at random, and they are thickly studded with coarse gold. The tributaries are extending their tunnel to strip another stoppe, and the machine will not be stopped until about 600 tons have been put through.

Southberg's party are crushing surface stone which is turning out very well—about £10 per man weekly. They have also struck good gold in the old Otago claim, and are about to connect the mine with the machinery by a new tramway, the old one having gone to decay through years of disuse. The other reef claims at Skippers are scarcely yet workable, owing to the snow and frost, but active operations will shortly be commenced upon them, as new life seems to be infused into the mining interest owing to the bright prospects of the Phoenix. It is also probable that prospecting will be started in search of new reef claims.

The Nugget and Cornish claim has been prospected at a low level and the reef crossed, but as only the walls were visible a drive along the reef is being made towards that portion of the mine previously worked at a high level, and the ground is getting softer, with every indication of the neighborhood of quartz.

In alluvial mining much activity can be reported. Aspinall, at Skippers Point, is getting out some good ground with his new rock tail-race and the powerful hydraulic pressure he has brought into play. On Londonderry terrace, Moore, Weir, and Company are tunnelling with good results on the ground lately disputed in the Warden's Court. The Shotover Terrace Company's works are still dormant, pending the making of proposed new arrangements.

In the river, Colville and party have opened some good ground below the Skipper's bridge. They have a powerful undershot wheel and pumps. The new Channel Company have taken up additional ground and a new shareholder has bought in—Mr Johnson, of the Twelve-Mile, who expresses great confidence in the prospects of this Company. Above the Sandhills, the large Chinese parties are doing very well. Up the river generally the chief topic is the proposed new dray road which is being agitated for, and about which no definite communication has yet been obtained from the Government.

At the Arrow, the Crown Terrace reef is looking well; shares are at a premium but none are for sale. A few tons will shortly be sent to Cromwell to be crushed. This is at present the only reef claim being prospected, as, although other companies are in course of formation, it is not finally decided upon a spot to commence, and prospectors are as yet only looking around.

The business of Jenkins and Company, storekeepers, is to be wound up to close partnership accounts, owing to the death of Mr Thomson, lately one of the firm.

The Good Templars will shortly take steps to build a hall, and the Order is progressing safely and steadily. A Temperance play will be got up at an early date in aid of the building fund—children under twelve to be admitted free.

In the Warden's Court on Friday last an application by G. M. Brown for 90 days protection for his claim at Bailey's, and M. Armour and another for tail-race at Smith's gully, comprised all the business transacted. There being no objections both were granted.

The *Marlborough Express* re-publishes the letter addressed to this journal some weeks since by the "Flower of Weight," and prefaces it with the following remarks:—We are not aware that it is incumbent on us to make any remarks on the letter, as the few lines we penned only indicated that caution was requisite, and there are a good few people hereabouts who quite agree with that opinion. The "Flower" is particularly careful in his comments on the paragraph which appeared in the *Express* of July 17th.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE CROMWELL HOSPITAL.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—I see in the leading article of your paper of date September 8, 1875, that my name appears frequently, and in a way likely to cause people to doubt the veracity of my statements. You say that "it is to be regretted that my version of the affair has gained so much credence," &c. &c. You would oblige by allowing me the privilege of stating publicly that I am in a position to prove that the statements I made were truthful, there being two men with me when I went to Mr Jolly for a ticket of admission to give to William Kirker. At first Mr Jolly distinctly refused to give me a ticket, and said he had given one to Mr Jaggar that same morning; that if he was to give me a ticket, the Committee would think that he wanted to fill the Hospital with patients. One of the men with me said: "If Mr Colclough had been at home, I would have bought you a ticket." I said that I was willing to pay, which I consider was equivalent to pledging myself that the money would be paid. At any rate, Mr Jolly then said that he had only got destitute patients' tickets, and that he would give me one on conditions that William Kirker pledged himself to pay £1 15s per week. I told Mr Jolly that I would take the ticket and offer it to Kirker, and if he refused to take it on those conditions I would return it. Mr Jolly wrote on the ticket before handing it to me, "William Kirker pledged himself to pay £1 15s per week," (or words to that effect.) I did not go to Mr Jolly for a paying patient's ticket. I told him that Kirker, like myself, had no money. And I deny having said that I would subscribe only to the Clyde Hospital. But I have said many times that I would not subscribe to the Cromwell Hospital, as I was of opinion that the management had been absolutely bad from the beginning; and I feel confident that any impartial person reading the evidence given by the Wardsman, William Thomson, at the inquest held on the 2nd instant upon the remains of Samuel Thomas, will arrive at the conclusion that there has been bad management. The wardsman refused to admit Samuel Thomas, and stated that he had been reprimanded for admitting a patient the week previous; and was told by Dr Stirling that if applicants were unable to walk, or had met with an accident, they were to be admitted; but if they came with tickets of admission and were able to walk, he was to send them to the doctor. And William Madden states in his evidence that the wardsman told him that he had been instructed not to admit any more without the doctor first seeing the person. No one can construe that sentence and say that it has got two meanings; and the doctor saying that he never contemplated he should refuse admission in cases of real emergency does not alter facts. The word "admit" has but one meaning; and allowing that two or more meanings could be attached to the word, the wardsman is not supposed to know cases of real emergency. And according to the doctor's own statement, he knew that the deceased Samuel Thomas was in a bad state, and still he was absent from the Hospital more than twenty-five hours, which is not in keeping with the written rules of the institution. Saying that he was unwell was but a lame excuse, as he ought to have sent some competent person, if not able to attend himself; but he was able to attend when told that Samuel Thomas was dead. The doctor having the privilege to engage in private practice for an area of fifty miles from the Hospital, and living in Cromwell, thirty-five minutes' walk from the Hospital, is in my opinion positively wrong. When human lives are at stake, great care and attention is necessary. It may be said that we have not money to build a house for the surgeon near the Hospital. In that case I maintain that one Hospital, well supported, with an able medical practitioner in charge, is far preferable to two, poorly supported; and Clyde is the centre of a large district, well able to support one Hospital, but not able to support two.

I may state in conclusion that I consider it was absurd for Hospital Committee-men to sit on the jury, after having said there was no necessity for an inquest. If they had brought in a verdict of mismanagement or culpable neglect, they must have passed sentence against themselves. You would oblige by giving publicity to my version of the matter, as I consider there were some very ugly statements in the last issue of your paper, which I am well able to disprove.—I am, &c.

JOHN McKENZIE.

September 8, 1875.

LARRIKINISM IN CROMWELL.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—"The Devil is not so black as he is painted" is an apt quotation, and one that will apply well to the genus "larrikin" as depicted by the Cromwell correspondent of the *Dunstan Times*. That gentleman evidently has suffered some slight at the hands of the fraternity, but before he blackbills the youth of Cromwell, and tries to bring the discredit of such an institution as "larrikinism" on the place, he would do well to lay aside personal feeling in the matter, and thoroughly investigate the subject, or it is just possible that, like many a visser man, he may have discovered a "mare's nest." The vigilance of the police here is likely in a few days to lay bare the true "larrikins," and that these do not range "from 16 to 20 years of age" will probably be made patent to the public. I may have been, as most youths generally are at a certain age, full of fun and mischief, but beyond this I certainly, and most of my acquaintances I can guarantee, have never ventured. I have merely written this to try and remove the erroneous impression likely to be conveyed to outsiders by the dictum of "our own" of the *Dunstan Times*; and I trust, when next he broaches the subject of "larrikinism," he will bear in mind his own youthful, and I will add his more mature, experiences, and consider if these will bear comparison with the conduct of the so-called "larrikins" of Cromwell generally.—I am, &c.

ONE OF THEM.

Cromwell, September 12, 1875.

A SOAP THAT "WON'T WASH."

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—I see in your issue of 25th August that you copy from the *Arrow Observer* the statement that a strange discovery has been made at Plea-

sant Creek Terrace by Leyden and party. I would like to know who is the individual that circulated such a foolish report, or what was his object for doing so. Whence it came remains as yet a mystery. It seems to me as if he had a petty spite against someone connected with the claim of Leyden and party, whether individually or collectively I cannot say. He certainly could not have created the rumor through any friendly motive or honorable intention. I don't think Mr Leyden or any one of his party has given any person cause or provocation for creating such a childlike rumor. I am sure that no right-minded or well-thinking man would countenance such unwarrantable assurance. I am glad to see, however, that the party have treated the affair with the utmost contempt, and at a special meeting called by Mr Leyden passed a vote of censure on the insignificant brawler who caused the report to be inserted in the public press. I would carefully caution the public to be aware of such evil-minded and ill-disposed persons who are all the time trying to create bad feeling and ill-will amongst so peaceable and well-regulated a community as I am proud to say is located in this portion of the Shotover district.

In conclusion, I hope kind providence will save Leyden and party from their enemies.—I am, &c.,
Truth.

Upper Shotover, September 8, 1875.

QUEENSTOWN O'CONNELL CENTENARY CELEBRATION.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Our attention has been drawn to a letter of Mr Eichardt in your last issue. We are instructed to state that your Queenstown correspondent's account of the O'Connell Centenary Celebration was quite correct. We have also paid Mr Eichardt the full amount of his tender.—We are, &c.

J. F. TULLY, Hon. Treasurer,
H. J. SPURDUE, Hon. Sec.,
O'Connell Centenary Celebration,
Queenstown, September 10, 1875.

WISHART v. DRURY.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—F. J. Wilson stated in Court on Friday, 3rd instant, that "they (the plaintiff) never expected to get any money from me, even if they recovered." I am aware that great latitude is extended to the gentlemen of the long robe, and that utterances by them are surrounded with privileges withheld from ordinary suitors. On the same floor when F. J. Wilson was serving his articles of clerkship I was his senior, and cannot allow any modern Solomon to cast reflections of a personal character, calculated to convey an unfavorable impression to the Bench, without notice. I am happy to add that I do not owe one single shilling in Cromwell, and I therefore challenge F. J. Wilson to through your columns support the statement which, under the protective wings of the Court, he saw fit to give expression to.—I am, &c.,

EDWD. A. DRURY.

THE CROMWELL HOSPITAL.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Will you kindly give space for this letter with regard to the report of Mr Solomon at the meeting of the Hospital Committee respecting what I said to him. He did not tell the Committee that when I spoke of the trouble in getting a ticket of admission, the answer he made me was that I should have gone to the Secretary and given a guinea, and I would have got one at once. Now, in the name of common sense, is everyone meeting with an accident supposed to carry a guinea in their pocket?—and at the same time it is strange there should be a ticket outside of Cromwell. And as to what Mr Jolly said, he did write on my ticket to pay 35s a week. Now, what I do say is that it is an extortion. I do not speak of myself alone, but I know of another man, by name of Quin, from the Cardrona. Now, this man would not be admitted without Mr Goodger would go security for the 35s per week. Now, I know that our hero, Mr Solomon, and others will say that if they did not act thus, men would make a winter residence of the Hospital; but, Mr Editor, what is the good of a medical officer if he cannot tell if a man is really ill or not? And as to the wardsman coming for your week's board, for I scarcely call it by any other name than a boarding-house, it is not only true, but you have to pay for the day you go in and the day you come out; and it is but too true, also, that you cannot get into a bed or ward until his highness the doctor comes.—I am, &c.,

WILLIAM KIRKER.

Carrickton, September 13, 1875.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Howe v. Corse.—Assault. Mr Johnston for complainant; Mr Wilson for defendant. Mr Wilson raised an objection to the information, which he argued was void as not specifying that the alleged assault was an "unlawful." Considerable argument ensued, but the Bench was inclined to think with Mr Wilson. Mr Johnston applied for and was granted leave to withdraw information, without costs.

Lee Wee applied for a slaughtering license at Bannockburn.—Declined on report of Inspector.

CIVIL CASE.

Wishart v. Drury.—Action for ejectment and recovery of rent for premises occupied by defendant in Cromwell. Judgment had been reserved from previous Court-day, and was now given to the effect that defendant vacate the premises belonging to plaintiff by Monday, 13th inst., and pay £12 10s for rent, with costs, 40s,—fourteen days allowed for payment.

PRICES CURRENT.—The following quotations made by W. TALBOYS in *Clothing*:—Colonial Tweed Trowsers, 13/6; Trowsers and vest 25/; Moles, 8/6; Knitted Drawers, 6/6; Flannels, 6/6; Crispeans, 7/6; Plaid and Tweed Shirts, 8/6; Drapery.—Winceys, 1/; All-wool Plaids, 2/; French Merinos, 2/6; Fancy Dresses, 13/6; Flannel, 1/9; Holland, 1/10; Calico, 7/4; Blankets, 17/6. *Boots*:—Watertights, 18/6; Elastic Sides, 14/6; Boys' Nailed Lace-up, 8/8; Ladies' Boots, 6/; Children's, 5/.—W. TALBOYS, London House, Cromwell.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN.

A lawyer of Hatherleigh, Devonshire, is the winner of the Queen's prize at Wimbledon this year.

Colonel Baker, convicted of an assault in a railway carriage, has been dismissed from the British Army.

Gladstone's pamphlet has elicited a reply from Cardinal Manning, who says that Mr Gladstone is one of the chief apostles of Revolution against the peace of the Christian Church.

A terrible railway disaster has occurred at Chile, on the Santiago and Valparaiso Railway. A train was passing over a bridge, which gave way, and the whole train, containing 50 persons, was precipitated into the river below. The lamps were broken, and set fire to the train. Half the passengers were either crushed or burned to death.

Fifteen thousand mill operatives have struck at Fall River, U.S., rather than submit to 10 cents reduction.

Serious riots occurred at Glasgow on August 9. Many were badly hurt. The Catholics were armed with hatchets, steel buckles and knives, and organised under a leader. The Volunteers and troops were got in readiness. Several men taken into custody were said to be Head Centres. The riot was suppressed by the arrest of the ringleaders.

The French Canadians at Montreal opposed to compulsory vaccination, attacked a meeting of the City Council at which the subject was being discussed. They smashed the windows with stones and created a riot, which compelled the postponement of the subject.

The Jury at Utah to try the leading Mormons for the Mountain Meadow massacre were discharged without a verdict. All the sermons on the Jury held out for acquittal.

The riot in Glasgow originated over the O'Connell celebrations, and the combatants were Orangemen and Home Rulers.

The electoral excitement in Colombo is likely to lead to war.

A massacre occurred at San Miguel. Panama telegrams regarding it, state that after the barracks had been taken nothing was heard but the savage yell of the assailants dispersing in all directions, breaking open doors and windows of houses of merchants and others, robbing, pillaging, assassinating, in their fiendish occupation; applying torches to houses, and whatever else their victims possessed; amidst this the cry "Death to foreigners," "Death to heretics," was constantly heard. The town remained for three days at the mercy of the assailants. During that time all classes of crimes were committed, and even those who took refuge in the Church were threatened with assassination by the mob. The losses in property will not fall short of a million of dollars. Foreigners in the place addressed their respective Governments for the purpose of making the Government responsible for it. President Gaudes, of Salvador, had about fifty of those engaged in the recent fanatical outbreak shot in squads at towns between San Miguel and the Capital, causing the padres who occasioned the riots to witness the executions. Many of these victims confessed they were set on by padres, by telling them they might rob the rich, provided they gave part to the Church. Great sorrow and indignation are expressed throughout Central America at the events in San Miguel, in which respectable clergymen join.

Mr Gladstone has published another pamphlet discussing the question of the Papacy. He makes a strong attack on the Papacy, from which he predicts future trouble to Great Britain and on the Continent, declaring that the Papacy will seize the first opportunity through bloodshed to maintain its rule, and if necessary even plunge the world into war.

Fifty mills have closed at Ashton, England; 8000 operatives are thrown out. Fifty-one mills closed at Dundee, and 12,000 persons are thrown out of employment. Both employers and operatives have resolved not to yield.

The Oldham strikes extend to all mills. 20,000 persons will be out of employment.

Further litigation is probable in the Beecher-Tilton case. Beecher, the publisher, has failed, owing to a cessation in the demand for the Christian Union and his "Life of Christ."

Disastrous floods were raging in Indiana at the beginning of August. At Terre Haute the river is swollen to three miles wide. Six million bushels of wheat are reported drowned out. Seven houses at Reelsville were washed away, and miles of railway embankment and thirty bridges destroyed. In Mississippi, Missouri, and Illinois, the railroads are similarly damaged by floods.

A lynching case is reported from Nashville, Tennessee, on the 1st August. The most prominent men in Rutherford became disgusted at the slow process of trying Jesse Woodson, accused of murdering Mrs Garrot, and, taking forcible possession, hung him on the same tree as Joe Copeland and Joe Woods, two notorious ruffians. When the body was taken down, seventeen shots were found in it. Measures are to be taken to punish the members of the mob.

A fatal explosion occurred at Bridesburg arsenal, Pennsylvania, on the 7th of August. The building was blown to atoms, and several lives were lost. The scene of the accident is near the mouth of the Delaware. The explosion originated in a laboratory.

A stir has been created in Scotland on the subject of Ritualism, in consequence of the minister of Dunse, Berwickshire, putting the initials "I.H.S." on a communion cloth, and celebrating the communion more than once a quarter.

Two hundred Jesuits have been ordered out of Costa Rica, on the representations of the Freemasons.

The Bishop of Guigon, who has been acting in the place of Archbishop Ledochowski, has been expelled from his diocese by the German authorities.

A clerk of Messrs Blake and Robins, of San Francisco, has levanted with 25,000 dollars.

At the entertainment given the Hon. Mr Fox by the United Kingdom Alliance, a resolution was passed welcoming him as a "patriotic statesman and earnest social reformer," on the motion of Mr Pope, Q.C., seconded by Cardinal Manning. Mr Fox, in reply, bore testimony to the good working of the Maine Liquor Law, as observed by him during his recent visit to the prohibition States.

Mr John Bright has received a letter urging him to give his support to the effort by Mr Whalley to bring a man over from New Zealand, who is the real Arthur Orton. Mr Bright replied in an able letter, showing that the real Arthur Orton would never come from New Zealand, as he was now in Dartmoor Gaol. He traced the leading points of the trial, showing clearly that the Claimant was an impostor.

At the O'Connell Centenary celebration at Dublin, 40,000 persons lined the street. Members of the Fenian Amnesty Association marched with a banner at their head hung with chains, and flags draped with crape. Lord Ottaghan was to have delivered an oration, but was unable to attend. The Mayor essayed, but was cried down with shouts for Butt. The Mayor withdrew under the protection of the Police, but the other members of Parliament addressed the crowd. No disturbances occurred. A sermon was delivered by Dr Croke, late Bishop of Auckland, now Archbishop of Cashel. It was much admired for eloquence, and was sharply criticised by Liberal Catholics for drawing a new Ultramontane line, which virtually excludes the Liberals from the Church. The Dublin Mail says nine parts of the discourse were devoted to the Church, and one to O'Connell. A grand banquet at which the Lord Mayor presided was given at the Exhibition Palace. The evening proceedings were marked by no incident of interest, until one of the regular toasts, viz, "Legislative and Independence of Ireland," was reached. This the Lord Mayor announced, and called on Sir Charles Gavan Duffy to respond; but he, on rising, was greeted with tremendous uproar, and shouts for Butt. For twenty minutes there was a scene of wild disorder. The Lord Mayor made repeated attempts to gain a hearing, but in vain, and vacated the chair. Dr Butt then rose. He began to speak, when the gas was extinguished, and the company dispersed in great confusion before a series of regular toasts were finished.

TIPPLERS.

The tippler seems to imagine that he cannot show you that he bears you good-will better than by drinking with you. It matters not that neither you nor he himself is thirsty—drink you must, and drink he must, under some circumstances, unless either of you is desirous of being considered a mean-spirited, uncompanionable fellow. Further than this, in many instances your merits will be estimated by him according to the extent to which you willingly tittle with him. He cannot imagine joviality apart from the bottle; and he would scorn that festive gathering at which the bottle did not form a prominent feature. For your sake, he will go on drinking long after he has had enough and with the certainty that he will suffer nausea and headache at no distant time. He deems it the correct thing to give his friends more liquor than is good for them; and he feels that his friends are only doing the correct thing when they are similarly treating him. As time goes on, drink acquires a hold over him; and what in the first instance he consumes because other people do likewise he at last disposes of because he loves it. Early in the morning he slinks away from business and, in company with a kindred spirit in solitude, takes a nip of something; and as the day rolls on he indulges his appetite until night, by which time he has disposed of what would intoxicate any person who had not become habituated to practices such as his. But what he takes seems to have little effect upon him, except that of making him seedy of a morning, a trifle shaky, rather fishy about the eyes, and somewhat dull until stimulated, in the matter of intellect and spirits; and thus it comes about that he is considered a very moderate man, even by many of those who flatter themselves that they know him intimately. But his continual tipping and his constant participation in convivial gatherings tells on him very seriously at last. Granting that he does not develop into a drunkard, his constitution becomes exhausted and his nervous system prostrated; and, consequently, he ages before his time and, it may be, succumbs to the first disease which lays its hands upon him. It is very rare, at any rate, that a man such as he is enabled to battle successfully with maladies of a zymotic character; and it is the exception rather than the rule for such a man to attain what is called "a good old age." The pity is that the reflection that this is so does not dawn upon him while, possible with the best intention, he is endeavouring to initiate some friend into the tipping ways which he himself pursues. Tipping, moreover, not only injures health, but it leads to a deplorable expenditure of time and waste of money. The tippler is too apt to forget the future in the pleasures of the moment; so he is induced to neglect his business and spend more money than he can afford to part with, being led in this act of suicidal folly so that he shall not

appear shabby in the eyes of his fellow-tippers. Besides wasting time over his glass, when he turns to his business avocations his mind is so unshinged and his nervous energy is so sapped that he is unable to devote that sustained attention to them which he might otherwise do—indeed, he often finds them so irksome that he neglects them altogether, the result of which is frequently simply ruin.

Are tipplers lost to all sense of reason? If not they will amend their ways. They must see that they deserve the contempt of right-thinking people and that they are hurting themselves for the sake of a phantom. They will perceive in what estimation they ought to be held when they calmly reflect that man, who is the noblest work of God, should be capable of better things than of filling his stomach to excess with that which does him injury, in order that his merits as an individual of taste and feeling may not be questioned! Why, the baser animals have more sense than to indulge in suicidal folly such as this.—*Liberal Review*.

A Scaly Girl.—The Milwaukee News says: There was a young girl at the police station recently, not over sixteen, with prepossessing face and good figure, whose body and limbs are covered with scales about the size of and similar in appearance to the scales of a fish. Medical gentlemen who have examined her say that she presents the most extraordinary case of malformation on record. These scales have the chameleonlike function of changing their colour. The scales on her arm, while the writer was present, changed twice from a pale amber to blood-red, and back again. They do not overlap each other as in the case of fish or reptiles, but appear to be imbedded in the flesh—in a sort of mosaic work; and in colour changes, the transformation does not take place at once in all the imbricated plates, some turning red, while others retain the amber colour, which seems to be the primary hue.

Holloway's Pills.—The Great Need.—The blood is the life, and on its purity our health as well as our existence depends. These Pills thoroughly cleanse the vital fluid from all contaminations, and by that means strengthen and invigorate the whole system, healthily stimulate sluggish organs, repress over-excited action, and establish order of circulation and secretion throughout every part of the body. The balsamic of Holloway's Pills exercises marvellous power in giving tone to debilitated and nervous constitutions. These pills dislodge all obstructions, both in the bowels and elsewhere, and are, on that account, much sought after for promoting regularity of action in young females and delicate persons who are naturally weak, or have from some cause become so.

COMMERCIAL.

Mr F. H. Evans reports as follows for the week ending 10th inst.:

Sellers.—Bank of New Zealand (L10 paid up), L17 15s; National Bank (L3 10s paid up), L3 12s 6d; Colonial Bank (L1 10s paid up), L1 5s 6d; Fiji Bank (L2 10s paid up), L2 13s; New Zealand Insurance (L2 10s paid up), L2 6s; South British Insurance (L1 6s 8d paid up), L2 8s 6d; National Insurance (10s paid up), 25s; Standard Insurance (10s paid up), 15s; Otago and Southland Investment Co (L1 paid up), L1 6s; Mosgiel Woollen Factory Co. (L3 paid up), 62s 6d; Daily Times and Witness Co. (L40 paid up), L52 10s; Guardian Printing Co. (L3 paid up), L2 5s; Albion Brewing Co. (10s paid up), 5s; Forbury Park Co. (L10 paid up), L35; New Zealand Shipping Co. (L2 10s paid up) 20s; Star of the East (L5 paid up), L5 10s; Lucknow (L1 10s paid up), L3; Caledonian, L1 10s paid up, 25s.

Buyers.—Bank of New Zealand, L17 10s; National Bank, L3 10s; Colonial Bank, 25s 6d; South British Insurance, L2 6s; National Insurance, 23s 6d; Standard Insurance, 14s 6d; New Zealand Insurance, L2 2s 6d; Star of the East, L5; Lucknow, L2 10s.

E. MURRELL.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER.

Has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES,

Adjoining the Town Hall.

FOR SALE.

WILLOW COTTAGE,

and Garden well stocked with Fruit Trees.

Apply to

THOMAS ESCOTT,

On the premises.

FOR SALE.

by Private Bargain.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,

as follows:—

Good second-hand Bellows and fixings
Good Anvil, 3 cwt., nearly new
Light Turning-Lathe, suitable for turning wood
Stone Bed for Tiring Wheels.

Apply to

ROBERT WISHART.

FAT & STORE CATTLE FOR SALE, by private treaty.

The Undersigned has instructions to place in the market about

150 Head, being half prime beef, and the remainder young cattle, sprayed cows, and well-grown steers, in good store condition.

Delivery in a month from date.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Auctioneer.



CROMWELL SPRING MEETING.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

OCTOBER 1 and 2, 1875.

STEWARDS.

J. LOUGHNAN, J. DAWKINS, J. A. FRESHAW, G. M. STARKY, J. TAYLOR, J. MARSH.

JUDGE.—D. A. JOLLY.

STARTER.—JAMES DAWKINS.

CLERK OF THE COURSE.—OWEN FIEDER.

HANDICAPERS.

J. DAWKINS, G. M. STARKY, J. A. FRESHAW.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1.

MAIDEN PLATE, of 10 sovs. Entrance, 15s. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize of over £5. Distance, one mile. Weight for age.

HACK RACE, of 10 sovs. Entrance, 15s. For bona-fide hacks. Distance, three-quarter mile heats. No weight under 9st. Post entry.

CROMWELL HANDICAP, of 15 sovs. Nomination, 15s; acceptance, 10s. Distance, one mile and a quarter. Nominations to be sent in to the Secretary not later than 12 noon on Monday, September 27; weights to be declared in CROMWELL ARGUS of September 29.

HACK SELLING RACE, of 10 sovs. Entrance, 15s. Distance, one mile. No weight under 10st. Winner to be sold for £20; surplus to go to race fund. Post entry.

HANDICAP TROTTING RACE, of 5 sovs. Entrance, 7s 6d. Distance, two miles. No weight under 11st. Post entry.

SECOND DAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2.

HACK SELLING RACE, of 10 sovs. Entrance, 15s. Distance, three-quarter mile heats. No weight under 9st. Winner to be sold for £15; surplus to go to race fund. Post entry.

SPRING HANDICAP, of 20 sovs. Nomination, 15s; acceptance, 15s. Distance, one mile and a half. Nominations to be received before 8 p.m. on night of general entry, Thursday, September 30; weights to be declared on evening of first day's races.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP, of 5 sovs. Entrance, 7s 6d. Distance, three-quarters of a mile.

HOSPITAL RACE, of — sovs. Distance, three-quarters of a mile. Rider of winner to be presented with a whip. Post entry.

RULES.

No entry will be received for any of the above races except upon this condition: that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint. Their decisions upon all points connected with the carrying out of this programme shall be final.

Entrances for Maiden Plate will be received by the Secretary not later than 8 p.m. on Thursday, September 30; also nominations for Spring Handicap, and acceptances for Cromwell Handicap, to be received at same time,—with necessary amount of cash, name, age, and pedigree (if any) of the horse, name of owner, and colours of the rider. Acceptances for Spring Handicap to be sent in not later than 10 a.m. on morning of 2nd October.

Any person entering a protest must deposit £2, and should such protest be deemed frivolous by the Stewards, the amount will be forfeited.

Any jockey riding except in the colours entered will be fined £2. The Cromwell Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

GEORGE JENOUR,

Secretary.

FOR SALE.

WANAKA POSTS & RAILS.

A good stock, of the best quality, Cheap for Cash, at

JAMES TAYLOR'S Timber Yard.

Cromwell.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

IMPORTANT NEWS.
IMPORTANT NEWS.
IMPORTANT NEWS.

OUR
ANNUAL CLEARING SALE
OF

DRAPEY, CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

In order to make room for Spring and Summer
Consignments,

WILL COMMENCE ON

MONDAY, AUGUST 9.

CONTINUING

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY!

During which time Special Inducements will be
offered to our patrons.

As this is a Genuine Clearing Sale, we think
it unnecessary to quote special lines. Personal
inspection will prove that all classes of
goods are being sold

WONDERFULLY CHEAP!

IMPORTANT NEWS.
IMPORTANT NEWS.
IMPORTANT NEWS.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
CROMWELL

Miscellaneous.

C. BEEBY,
WATCHMAKER, IMPORTER,
AND
MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,
REES-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.
Orders executed and repairs made in
both branches of the business by ex-
perienced workmen.

VICTORIA BRIDGE
HOTEL.
J. M'CORMICK, Proprietor.

The above well-known Hotel (late Edwards')
has undergone a thorough renovation at the
hands of the present proprietor, and is now
second to no house on the main road from Crom-
well to Queenstown.
Travellers may rest assured that they will re-
ceive every attention at the above Hotel.

The excellent range of STONE STABLES is
under the charge of an experienced Groom.
Horses will therefore secure every attention.

COACHING
NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR
Begg to announce to the public that after 1st
January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—
Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving
Cromwell every WEDNESDAY morning,
returning every THURSDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.
Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and careful-
ness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of
Books in every department of literature; and
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s
6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSUR-
ANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST
LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a
small advance upon English prices.

(Established 1850.)

GEORGE MATTHEWS,
NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN,
DUNEDIN.

Has on Sale:—

Fruit Trees of all sorts
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes
Rhubarb Roots
Scotch and Spruce Fir
Laurels, Laurestinas
Thorn Quicks for Hedges
Ornamental Shrubs in great variety
Grass Seeds of all kinds
Clover Seeds of all kinds
Vegetable Seeds
Flower Seeds.

Orders left at the Argus Office, Cromwell, will
receive attention.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Foun-
ders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-
ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-
iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any
size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.
Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power
Machines made and repaired.
Improved Reaping Machines.

K. M'K. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron
Piping for Flaming and Hydraulic Mining is the
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Miscellaneous.

KIRTLBURN HOTEL,
ROARING MEG.

T. GORMAN, Proprietor.

The travelling public will find every comfort
and accommodation at this hostelry.

Wines, Beer, and Spirits of best brands.

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention
of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence
of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Coun-
try Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and
centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to
inform his numerous up-country friends that he
has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a
thorough state of repair. He has spared no ex-
pense in making this large and well-known house
a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors
from up-country will have every attention paid
to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently
situated, being within a very short distance of
the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

R. WILLIAMS, having been appointed Agent
for Cobb and Co.'s Line of Coaches, would as-
sure the travelling public that their comfort and
convenience will be attended to with that strict
attention which has already secured to the Vic-
toria such a liberal patronage.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will
find every accommodation, and receive the best
attention, at this old-established hotel.

A new building has recently been erected
which considerably enlarges the accommodation,
and enhances the comfort of visitors. The addi-
tions comprise a suite of Private Apartments,
commodious Bedrooms, a large Commercial
Room and Sample Room, making the Victoria
one of the largest and most comfortable hotels
in the province.

There is also an extensive range of stabling
and Paddock accommodation attached.

Patent Medicine

"LOOK THEN INTO THY HEART
AND WRITE."

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all
that I could in a thousand lines, it adapts
itself admirably to a large number of cases
continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into their hearts" at the
reading of this advertisement, and who ponder
over it, will say, I know I should write, for I
have a great secret there in my heart, hidden
deep down, and I fear every day something will
shortly show itself by some plain symptom and
make that secret known to my fellow men, and
cause me to be pointed at as an object of pity or
scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say is it not better
for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to
one man in whom I have confidence, with whom
my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel
will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making
me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O, Young
Man, in thy Youth."

"Look then into thy heart and write,"
for hundreds have written to me when it
has been too late, and who, in place of having
"Children like olive-branches round about their
table," have their homes desolate, and feel it a
reproach upon their manhood to live.

"Look then into thy heart and write," and
remember that "As by days, so shall thy
strength be," and that by writing down your
case, no eyes but my own see it, that relief men-
tally and physically can be given to you and
that in place of sinking into a dishonored and
premature death, you can feel that, in the words
of Wordsworth—"In old age serene and bright,
and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to
thy grave."

LOUIS L. SMITH.

NERVOUSNESS,
DEBILITY,

LOSS OF POWER,
INDISCRECTIONS OF EARLY YOUTH,
&c.

In all the above cases, arising from error
and the yielding to the passions, no time should
be lost to once arrest the progress of disease.

Patent Medicines

DR. L. L. SMITH,
(The only legally qualified medical man adver-
tising in these colonies.)
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence
of the Governor.)
Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.
CONSULTATION FREE (by letter) L.L.
Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, se-
packed as to avoid observation.
Books written by Dr. L. L. Smith,
Post free; postage stamps, 1s 9d
Means of Prolonging Life, No. 1 3s 0d
Medical Household Sketches, No. 2 1s 9d
Do do do No. 3 1s 9d
Weakness and Sterility, No. 4 3s 0d
Medical Almanac, 1875, No. 5 6d

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dan-
gerous, than affections of the respiratory organs.
The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and
influenza may always be radically removed by
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-
medy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve
any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office
with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all im-
purities, and fortify the system against constitu-
tion, asthma, and similar complaints.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills
for correcting the ailments incidental to females.
They may be taken with safety for any irregu-
larity of the system, as they remove all cause of
maladies; and so restore, by their grand purify-
ing properties, females of all ages to robust
health.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are fre-
quently getting out of order, and require some
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity
and certainty. They do not distress the system
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigo-
rate the digestive organs. They gently excite
the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon
the bowels without griping or any other annoy-
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they
entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and
biliousness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first
departure from health! All may do so by taking
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds,
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the
earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as fever-
ish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all dis-
eases of the skin, may be immediately checked,
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which
may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses
of one, two, or three nightly, according to the
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is
soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better
adapted than any other remedy for all external
ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to
disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when
neglected, to become seriously diseased. When
nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach,
warns us that digestion is not proceeding pro-
perly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function,
give strength to every organ, speedily remove
all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches,
and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a
highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also
disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnatu-
rally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken
in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their
cooling and purifying properties.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints
should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills.
They act most energetically on the glandular
and absorbent system, purify the blood, and
impart a vigour which age or other causes may
have temporarily taken away. They excite the
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimu-
late the absorbents to remove the fluid already
collected.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known
in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Doloroux
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fever of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from what- ever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

There is a considerable saving by taking
the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients,
in every disorder are affixed to each box, and
may be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell, Otago, New Zealand).

Printed and published every Wednesday morning
by the Proprietor, STEPHEN N. BROWN, at
the 'Argus' Office, Melmore Terrace.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1875.